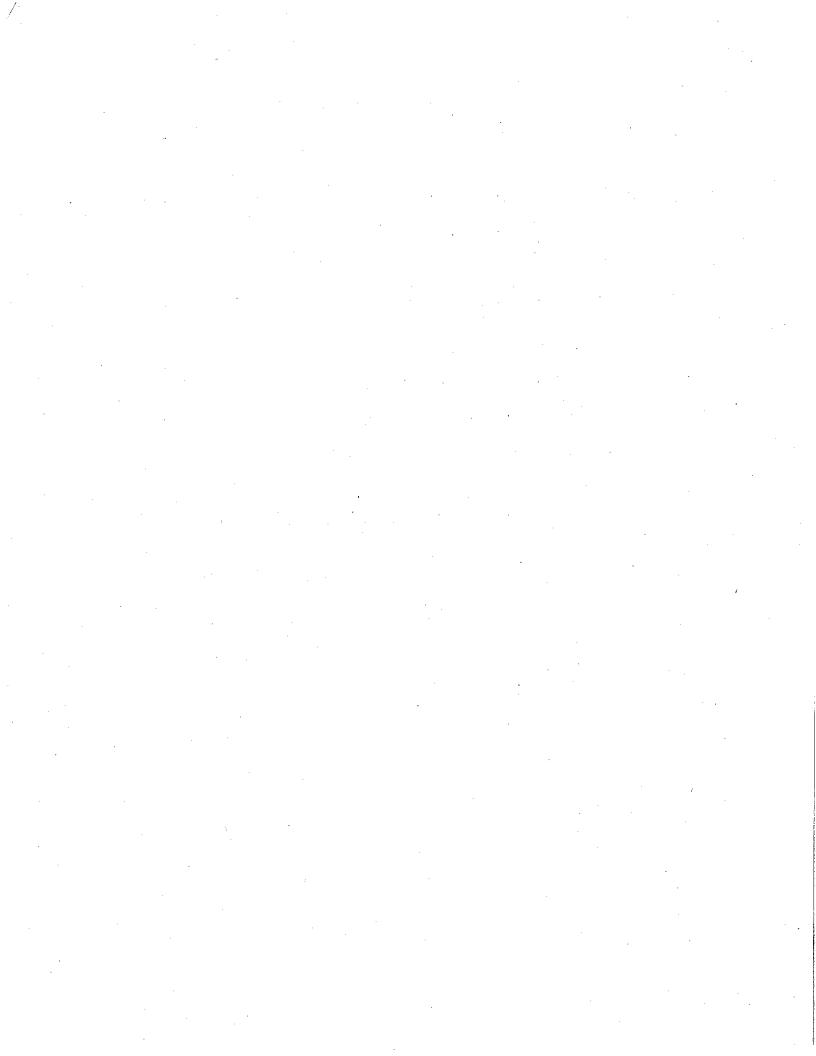


Department of Health Office of Children and Family Services Department

State Education

Effective June 13, 2019, Chapter 35 of the Laws of 2019 repealed non-medical exemptions from vaccination for children attending school.



timeline I must follow to get my child vaccinated so my child can continue to attend school? Yes, the law applies to both summer school and ESY. Proof of immunization must

	effort to get the necessary evidence or where the parent, guardian or any other	÷
!	person in parental relationship can demonstrate that a shild has received the first	
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	The change in the law took offeet on June 12, 2010 and allowed 11 days for children			
	The change in the law took effect on June 13, 2019 and allowed 14 days for children	•		
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	care centers are required to be vaccinated with the first doses by June 28, 2019.			
	These children must be excluded from day care centers in school immediately if they do not meet these requirements.			
	do not meet these requirements.			

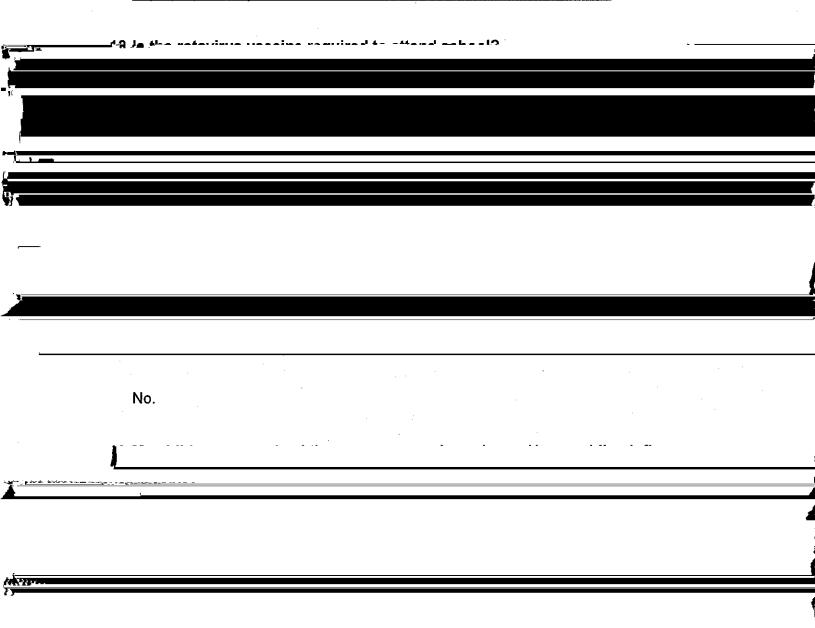
8. My child had a religious exemption before the new law was enacted. Is my

No. Religious exemptions are no longer valid in New York State.

religious exemption still valid?

Such students must still receive their next doses as soon as they are due, in accordance with the ACIP schedule. Children must receive all first doses, or overdue follow-up doses if they already received prior doses in a series, within 14 days of school or child day care attendance, and must provide evidence of age appropriate appointments for the next follow-up doses, in accordance with the ACIP schedule, within 30 days of the first day of attendance. All required vaccine schedules must be completed in accordance with the ACIP schedule. Here is a link for the routine immunization and catch up schedules:

https://www.cdc.gov/vaccines/schedules/hcp/imz/child-adolescent.html



A positive serologic test can be accepted as proof of immunity for school enrollment only for the following diseases: measles, mumps, rubella, varicella (chickenpox),

16. If I'm a Group Family Child Care Provider, with my own children in my home, in addition to day care children, what are my options regarding my own children who remain in the home during day care hours and are not vaccinated? Can they remain in another part of the house during day care hours?

In home-based child care programs (family day care and group family day care), a provider's own non-school aged children count in the program's capacity and are

	permitted.	
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	Until June 30, 2020, a child can attend school if they receive the first age-	
	appropriate dose in each immunization series within 14 days from the first day of	
	school attendance and can show within 30 days that they have scheduled age- appropriate appointments for required follow-up doses. This allows students who	
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were not fully up-to-date on their vaccinations on June 13, 2019, when the law was enacted, to continue to attend school, as long as they receive the first age-appropriate dose in each immunization series within 14 days from the first day of school attendance and can show within 30 days that they have scheduled age-appropriate appointments for required follow-up doses. By June 30, 2020, all students who were attending school at the time the law was enacted are expected to

spread out to start, so long as a child receives the first age-appropriate dose in each immunization series within 14 days of the first day of attendance.

22.If a school doesn't receive State Aid, can it offer religious exemptions to the vaccination requirement?

No. All schools must comply with the immunization requirements, regardless of whether they receive State Aid. Public Health Law §2164(1)(a) defines "school" to include any public, private or parochial child caring center, day nursery, day care agency, nursery school, kindergarten, elementary, intermediate or secondary school.